Quiz: Ch. 10 & 11 AP Chem Version F (25 pts) Name: Period (circle one): 6 7 Date:

Show your work for problems that require calculations.

- 1. (6 pts) Describe (in a sentence) three unique "gas law equations."
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
- 2. (6 pts)
 - a. The graph at right represents a substance at 100°C. Draw the speed distribution for a substance with twice the molecular mass.
 - b. Circle the substance that will have a higher kinetic energy at 100°C.
 - $i. \quad MM_1$
 - ii. MM_2 , which equals $2(MM_1)$
 - iii. They have the same kinetic energy.



- c. Circle the substance that will take the longest to effuse.
 - i. MM₁
 - ii. MM_2 , which equals $2(MM_1)$
 - iii. They will effuse at the same rate.
- d. Explain your answer to part b.
- 3. (9 pts) Label the type of crystalline solid each of the substances below forms. If the substance is molecular, <u>also</u> label it is polar or nonpolar. Then, circle the substance that will have a lower melting point.
 - a. S₈: _____
 O₂: _____

 b. NaI: _____
 ICl: _____
 - c. Hg: _____ Ne: _____

- 4. (4 pts) Identify <u>all</u> the "intermolecular forces" present in each of the following compounds.
 - a. C (graphite)

b. NH₂OH

5. (5 pts) Butane, C_4H_{10} , is a hydrocarbon that is commonly used as fuel for lighters.

 $2 C_4 H_{10}(g) + 13 O_2(g) \rightarrow 8 CO_2(g) + 10 H_2 O(l)$

Calculate the volume of air at 75° C and 0.80 atm that is needed to completely burn 65.0 grams of butane. Assume that the mole fraction of oxygen in air is 0.210.